

Recall:  $\mathcal{C}$  category with pullbacks

$$c \in \mathcal{C} \quad \underline{\subseteq} = \left\{ c_a \xrightarrow{f_a} c \right\}_{a \in A} \subset \mathcal{C}/c$$

associate sieve  $\hat{\underline{\subseteq}} = \left\{ d \xrightarrow{f} c \mid \exists \text{ factorization } d \xrightarrow{g} c_a \xrightarrow{f_a} c \right\} \subset \mathcal{C}/c$

functor:  $P_{fin}(A) \xrightarrow{\alpha} \underline{\subseteq} \xrightarrow{F} \hat{\underline{\subseteq}}$

$$([n] \xrightarrow{\alpha} A) \longmapsto (c_{a_0} \times_c \dots \times_c c_{a_n} \xrightarrow{f_a} c)$$

$$P_{fin}(A) \xrightarrow{\alpha} \underline{\subseteq} \xrightarrow{F} \mathcal{C}/c \xrightarrow{F} \mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{ch} \mathcal{Ch}$$

Prop A:  $\text{hocolim } F \circ \alpha \xrightarrow[\sim]{\text{w.e.}} \text{hocolim } F$

$$P_{fin}(A) \xrightarrow{\underline{\subseteq}}$$

Addendum: If  $\underline{\subseteq}' = \left\{ c_{a_0} \times_c \dots \times_c c_{a_n} \xrightarrow{f} c \right\}$  then

$$\text{hocolim } F \circ \alpha \xrightarrow[\sim]{\text{w.e.}} \text{hocolim } F$$
$$P_{fin}(A) \xrightarrow{\underline{\subseteq}'}$$

Recall:  $A$   $R$ -algebra,  $M \in \text{Mod}_A$ ,  $N \in \text{Mod}_A^R$   
 Let  $F = F_{M, R, N}$  be a fact algebra of  $M = [a, b]$  with values in  $\mathcal{C}_h$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \\ a & \downarrow F & \downarrow F & \downarrow F & b \\ M & A & N & & \end{array}$$

simplicial object in  $\mathcal{C}_h$

Prop:  $F([a, b]) \stackrel{\text{w.e.}}{\sim} M \underset{A}{\otimes}^h N := \text{hocolim}_{\Delta^{\text{op}}} B_*(M, A, N)$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{derived tensor product}}$

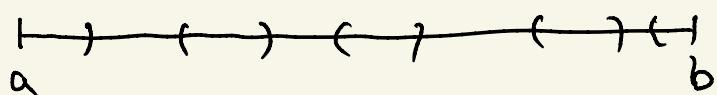
$\parallel$

$B_*(M, A, N)^{\text{alt}}$

Proof: use a Weiss ~~sieve~~ <sup>cover</sup> on  $\text{Open}(M)$  + compute  $F(M)$  using "abstract" descent property.

Let  $\text{Disk}_1(M) \subset \text{Open}(M)$

$\Downarrow$   $\mathcal{U} \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{U}$  is a finite union of intervals,  
 $a, b \in \mathcal{U}$



$$\mathcal{U} = L \cup I_1 \cup \dots \cup I_k \cup R$$

$$L \quad I_1 \quad I_2 \dots I_k \quad R$$

Note:  $\text{Disk}_1(M)$  is a Weiss ~~sieve~~ cover closed under pullbacks

$\Rightarrow$   
addendum  
Prop A

$$\text{hocolim}_{\text{Disk}_1(M)} F \stackrel{\text{w.e.}}{\sim} \text{hocolim}_{\text{Disk}_1(M)} F \circ \alpha \stackrel{\text{w.e.}}{\sim} \check{C}(\text{Disk}_1(M), F) \stackrel{\text{w.e.}}{\sim} P_{\text{fin}}(A) \quad \text{Prop B} \quad F([a, b])$$

$$\text{Disk}_*(M) \subset \text{Open}(M) \xrightarrow{F} \text{Ch}$$

$$L \amalg I_1 \amalg \dots \amalg I_n \amalg R \longmapsto M \otimes A \otimes \dots \otimes A \otimes N$$

recall :  $B_{\bullet}(M, A, N) : \Delta^{\text{op}} \longrightarrow \text{Ch}$

bar construction

Idea: factor  $F$  through a comm. diagram of functors

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{Disk}_*(M) & \xrightarrow{\gamma} & \Delta^{\text{op}} \\
 & \searrow F & \swarrow B_{\bullet}(M, A, N) \\
 & \text{Ch} & 
 \end{array}$$

"gap"

The functor  $\gamma$ :

$[1] = \{0, 1\}$

$[0] = \{0\}$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{forget } \mathcal{I}} \Delta^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{\text{nerve}} [z] = \{0, 1, 2\} \cong 2$$

Hope: the functor  $\chi$  is homotopy final,  
 i.e. for every  $[n_0] \in \Delta^{\text{op}}$  the nerve  
 $N([n_0]/\chi)$  is contractible.

objects:  $\xrightarrow{\cong} u$ ,  $\xleftarrow{\text{map in } \Delta} [n_0] \xleftarrow{f} \chi(u)$   
 $\text{Disk}_k(E)$

morphisms:

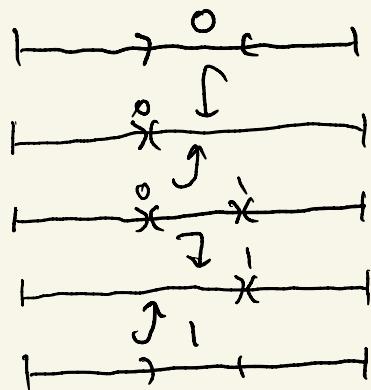
$$u \xrightarrow{f} \chi(u) \xrightarrow{f'} [n_0]$$

$$u' \xrightarrow{f''} \chi(u') \xrightarrow{f'''} [n_0]$$

Pictures showing that I can construct a path  
 in  $N([n_0]/\chi)$  between two particular objects.

Note: an object  $(u, \chi(u) \xrightarrow{f} [n_0])$  consists of  $u$ ,  
 and a labeling of the gaps of  $u$  by  $0 < 1 < \dots < n_0$ .

two  
objects  
in  
 $[1]/\gamma$



$$[n_0] = [1]$$

$$[1]$$

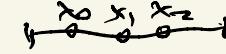
problem: can't have  
just 2 morphisms from  
one object of  $[1]/\gamma$  to both

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Def: let  $F_{M,A,N} = F$  be the fast. alg. on  $[a,b]$   
as before.

recall:  $\check{C}([a,b], F_{M,A,N})$  Čech complex  
associated to the Weiss cover  
 $\{U_x : [a,b] \setminus \{x\}_{x \in (a,b)}\}$

explicitly:



$$\check{C}([a,b], F) : \left( \bigoplus_{x_0}^x F(u_x) \right) \leftarrow \left( \bigoplus_{x_0 < x_1} F(u_{x_0} \cap u_x) \right) \leftarrow \left( \bigoplus_{x_0 < x_1 < x_2} F(u_{x_0} \cap u_{x_1} \cap u_x) \right)$$

"bloated bar complex"

$$\bigoplus_{x_0} M \otimes N$$

$$\bigoplus_{x_0 < x_1} M \otimes A \otimes N$$

$$\bigoplus_{x_0 < x_1 < x_2} M \otimes A \otimes A \otimes N$$

bar complex:

$$B_\bullet(M, A, N) \quad M \otimes N \leftarrow M \otimes A \otimes N \leftarrow M \otimes A \otimes A \otimes N$$

Prop:  $\check{C}([a,b], F_{A,A,N})^{\text{alt}}$

Simplicial left  $A$ -module

chain cx. of left  $A$ -modules

Note:

$\check{C}([a,b], F_{M,A,N})^{\text{alt}}$

$M \otimes A \otimes \dots \otimes A \otimes N$

is a resolution of  $N$   
by free  $A$ -modules.

$$M \otimes_A \check{C}([a,b], F_{A,A,N})^{\text{alt}} \cong (M \otimes_A A \otimes \dots \otimes A \otimes N)$$

$\text{Cor} = \check{C}([a,b], F_{M,A,N})^{\text{aft}} \xrightarrow{\text{we.}} M \underset{A}{\overset{h}{\otimes}} N$   
 and hence  $F([a,b]) \xrightarrow{\text{we.}} M \underset{A}{\overset{h}{\otimes}} N$ .  
 derived tensor product.

Relationship to Hochschild homology.

$$F(\text{circle with boundary } A) = ?$$

$S^1 \xrightarrow{\quad} A$