

in Top:  $X \xrightarrow{f} Y$  is a weak equiv. iff  $f_*: \pi_* X \rightarrow \pi_* Y$  is isomorphism

Ch:  $C_* \xrightarrow{f} D_*$

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$f_*: H_* C_* \rightarrow H_* D_*$  is an isomorphism

$D: I \rightarrow \mathcal{C} = \text{Top or Ch}$

diagram

$\Rightarrow$  can construct homotopy  $D \in \mathcal{C}$

point of homotopies (as opposed to colim):

compatibility with weak equivalences:

$D \xrightarrow{T} D'$  is w.e. objectwise  $\Rightarrow$   $\text{hocolim}_I D \xrightarrow{\text{w.e.}} \text{hocolim}_I D'$

$D(i) \xrightarrow[\text{w.e.}]{T(i)} D'(i) \quad \forall i \in I$

Correction: this condition is not needed!  
[ assuming that  $D, D'$  are objectwise cofibrant, i.e.,  
 $D(i), D'(i)$  are cofibrant, i.e. these are CW-complexes  
resp. projective chainexs.

here:  $\text{Ch}$  is the category of chainexs.

$$C_\bullet: \quad \leftarrow C_i \leftarrow C_{i+1} \leftarrow C_{i+2} \leftarrow$$

where  $C_i$  is a module over a comm. ring  $R$ .

$C_\bullet$  is projective  $\Leftrightarrow$  each  $C_i$  is a projective, f.g.

$R$ -module  $\uparrow$   
direct summand of a  
free module.

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Recall: A pre-factorization algebra

$F: \text{Open}(M) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  is called  
a (strict) factorization algebra if:

• multiplicative property:

$U_1, U_2$  disjoint,  $U = U_1 \cup U_2$

$$m_{U_1, U_2}^U : F(U_1) \otimes F(U_2) \xrightarrow{\cong} F(U)$$

tensor prod in  
the symm. monoidal cat.  $\mathcal{C}$

• locality / Weiss-descent  
Weiss cosheaf property

if  $\{U_a\}_{a \in A}$  Weiss cover  
of  $U \subset M$

$$F(U) \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{coeq} \left( \prod_a F(U_a) \rightrightarrows \prod_{a,b} F(U_a \cup U_b) \right)$$

to modify the descent condition:

$\{U_a\}_{a \in A}$  cover of  $U$ , then obtain a diagram

$$(*) \quad \bigoplus_{a_0 \in A} F(U_{a_0}) \begin{matrix} \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \end{matrix} \bigoplus_{a_0, a_1} F(U_{a_0} \cap U_{a_1}) \begin{matrix} \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \end{matrix} \bigoplus_{a_0, a_1, a_2} F(U_{a_0} \cap U_{a_1} \cap U_{a_2}) \begin{matrix} \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \end{matrix}$$

shape of this diagram:  $\Delta^{op}$

Def: simplex category  $\Delta$

objects:  $\{0, 1, \dots, n\} =: [n]$

$n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

morphisms from  $[m]$  to  $[n]$   $\} =: \left\{ f: [m] \rightarrow [n] \mid \begin{matrix} f \text{ order preserving} \end{matrix} \right\}$

picture of  $\Delta$ :

$$[0] \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{\delta_0} \\ \xleftarrow{\delta_1} \end{matrix} [1] \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{\delta_0} \\ \xrightarrow{\delta_1} \\ \xleftarrow{\delta_2} \end{matrix} [2] \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{\delta_0} \\ \xrightarrow{\delta_1} \\ \xleftarrow{\delta_2} \\ \xleftarrow{\delta_3} \end{matrix} [3]$$

$$\delta_i : [n] \rightarrow [n+1]$$

$i \notin \text{image of } \delta_i$

$$\sigma_i : [n] \rightarrow [n-1] \quad \sigma_i(i) = \sigma_i(i+1) = i$$

Def: a diagram of shape  $\Delta^{op}$ , i.e., a functor  $F: \Delta^{op} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  is a simplicial object in  $\mathcal{C}$ .

For example,  $(*)$  is a simplicial object in  $\mathcal{C}$ .

Suppose  $\mathcal{C} = \text{Vect}$ .

$$\text{colim}_{\Delta^{op}} (*) = \text{colim} \left( \bigoplus_{a_0} F(\mathcal{U}_{a_0}) \leftarrow \bigoplus_{a_0, a_1} F(\mathcal{U}_{a_0} \cap \mathcal{U}_{a_1}) \right)$$

$$\text{coeq} \left( \begin{array}{c} \bigoplus_{a_0} F(\mathcal{U}_{a_0}) \\ \bigoplus_{a_0, a_1} F(\mathcal{U}_{a_0} \cap \mathcal{U}_{a_1}) \end{array} \right)$$

Q: Why do we need higher intersections?

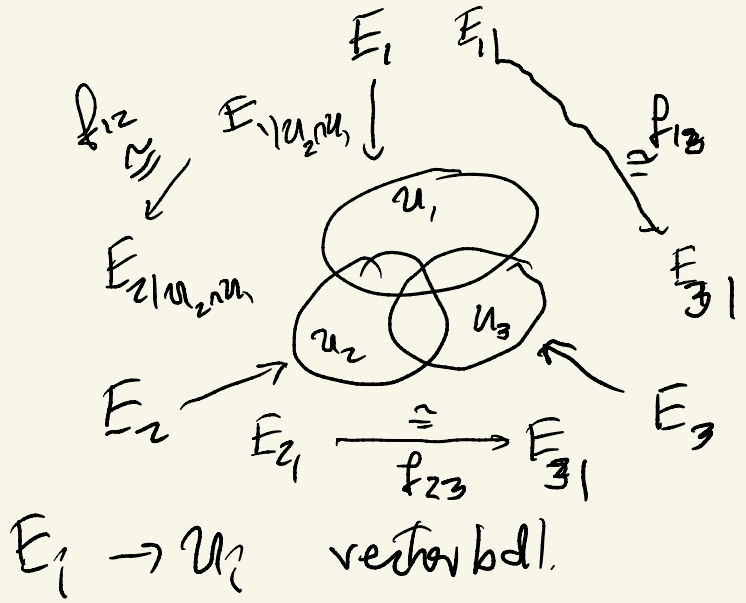
Q: How can we construct the groupoid of vector bundles on  $U$  in terms of the groupoids of vector bundles over  $U_1, U_2, U_3, \dots$ ?

$$U = U_1 \cup U_2 \cup U_3$$

you need compatibility over  $U_1 \cap U_2 \cap U_3$ :

$$p_{13} = p_{23} \circ p_{12}$$

on  $U_1 \cap U_2 \cap U_3$ .



Def:  $F: \text{Open}(M) \rightarrow \mathcal{C} = \text{Top or Ch}$   
 pre-factorization algebra  
 is a factorization algebra if

- multiplicative property:  $U = U_1 \sqcup U_2$

$$m_{U_1, U_2}^U = F(U_1) \otimes F(U_2) \xrightarrow[\text{w.e.}]{\sim} F(U)$$

- Weiss cosheaf property

if  $\mathcal{U} = \{U_a\}_{a \in A}$  is a Weiss cover of  $U$ , then

↑ for Top this is the Cartesian product

↓ simplicial obj. assoc. to  $\mathcal{U}$

$$F(U) \xleftarrow[\text{w.e.}]{\sim} \text{hocolim}_{\Delta^{\text{op}}} (*)$$

Digression:  $\text{hocolim}_{\Delta^{\text{op}}} X_0$  in Top

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$X_0 = \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Top}$  simplicial space.

Def: geometric realization

$$|X_0| = \left( \coprod_{n=0,1,\dots} X_n \times \Delta^n \right) / \sim$$

$\Delta^n =$  standard  $n$ -simplex  
 $=$  convex hull of  
 $e_0, \dots, e_n \in \mathbb{R}^\infty$

$[m] \xrightarrow{f} [n]$  morphism in  $\Delta \Rightarrow$

$x \in X_n, t \in \Delta^m$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Delta^m & \xrightarrow{f_*} & \Delta^n \\ e_i & \longmapsto & e_{f(i)} \\ X_m & \xleftarrow{f^*} & X_n \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (f^*x, t) & \sim & (x, f_*t) \\ X_m^{\cap} \times \Delta^m & & X_n^{\cap} \times \Delta^n \end{array}$$

for every  $x, t, f$ .



$$|X_\bullet| = \text{coeq} \left( \coprod_n X_n \times \Delta^n \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \end{array} \coprod_n X_n \times \Delta^n \right)$$

$(f_x, t)$   $\xleftarrow{\quad}$   $(f, x, t)$   
 $(x, p_x, t)$   $\xleftarrow{\quad}$   $(f, x, t)$

$[m] \xrightarrow{f} [n]$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \cup$