Prelude to Comparing Coefficients Between Nested Models

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Following are results of two bivariate and one multivariate logistic regressions using a data set I constructed:

. use https://www3.nd.edu/~rwilliam/statafiles/standardized.dta, clear . logit ybinary x1, nolog

| Logit estimates | | | | Number of obs LR chi2(1) | | = | 500 161.77 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------------|
| Log likelihood = -265.54468 | | | | Prob > chi2 Pseudo R2 | | = | 0.0000 0.2335 |
| ybinary | Coef. | Std. Err. | Z | P> z | [95% | Conf. | Interval] |
| x1 _cons | .7388678 0529777 | .072961 .105911 | 10.13 -0.50 | 0.000 0.617 | .5958 2605 | 668 593 | .8818687 .154604 |

. logit ybinary x2, nolog

| Logit estimates $Log likelihood = -266 25298$ | | | | Number LR chi Prob > Pseudo | of obs 2(1) chi2 R2 | = = = | 500 160.35 0.0000 0.2314 |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| ybinary | Coef. | Std. Err. | | P> z | [95% | Conf. | Interval] |
| x2 _cons | + .4886751 0723833 | .0482208 .1058261 | 10.13 -0.68 | 0.000 0.494 | .3941 2797 | 641 986 | .5831861 .135032 |

. logit ybinary x1 x2, nolog

| Logit estimates Log likelihood = -124.73508 | | | | | 500 443.39 0.0000 0.6399 | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| ybinary | | Coef. | Std. Err. | Z | P> z | [95%] | Conf. | Interval] |
| x1 x2 cons | | 1.78923 1.173144 2144856 | .1823005 .1207712 .1626906 | 9.81 9.71 -1.32 | 0.000 0.000 0.187 | 1.431 .9364 5333 | 927 369 532 | 2.146532 1.409851 .1043821 |

Usually, when we add variables to a model (at least in OLS regression), the effects of variables added earlier go down. However, in this case, we see that the coefficients for x1 and x2 increase (seemingly) dramatically when both variables are in the model, i.e. in the separate bivariate regressions the effects of x1 and x2 are .7388678 and .4886751, but in the multivariate regressions the effects are 1.78923 and 1.173144, more than twice as large as before. This leads to two questions:

1. If we saw something similar in an OLS regression, what would we suspect was going on? In other words, in an OLS regression, what can cause coefficients to get bigger rather than smaller as more variables are added?

2. In a logistic regression, why might such an interpretation be totally wrong? ©