

HOMEWORK 8

Due Friday July 24

- (1) Let $\text{rad}(R) = \sqrt{0} = \{a \in R \mid a^n = 0 \text{ for some } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+\}$. Show that

$$\sqrt{0} = \bigcap_{\substack{P \leq R \\ P \text{ prime}}} P.$$

- (2) Show that $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{2}]$ is an Euclidean domain (hint: $\phi(a + b\sqrt{2}) = |a^2 - 2b^2|$) and that $(\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{2}])^*$ is a direct product of a cyclic group of order 2 (generated by -1) and an infinite cyclic group (generated by $1 + \sqrt{2}$).
- (3) Show $x^4 + 1$ is irreducible in $\mathbb{Z}[x]$.
- (4) Show $x^4 - 5$ is irreducible in $\mathbb{Z}_3[x]$.
- (5) Show $x^3 - 5x - 1$ is irreducible in $\mathbb{Z}[x]$.
- (6) Show $x^4 + 3x^3 + 3x^2 - 5$ is irreducible in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$.
- (7) Factor the following in $\mathbb{Z}[i]$:
- (a) 30;
 - (b) $1 - 3i$;
 - (c) 10;
 - (d) $6 + 9i$.
- (8) Describe $\mathbb{Z}[i]/(p)$ for
- (a) $p = 2$;
 - (b) $p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$.
- (9) Is $\frac{1}{2}(1 + \sqrt{3})$ an algebraic integer?