

Adams spectral sequences

Note Title

9/4/2008

Construction of ASS

$X = \text{Spectrum}$
 e.g. $X = S$ | Input: $E_* X$
 Output: " $\pi_* X$ "

$E = \text{Ring spectrum}$, $u : S \rightarrow E$

[To simplify some technical details
 assume $E = A_{\infty}$ -ring spectrum which is h -ring spectrum]

e.g. Spectrum = symmetric spectrum

$(Sp, \wedge) = \text{symmetric monoidal category}$

E_{∞} -ring spectrum \longleftrightarrow commutative monoid in (Sp, \wedge)

$$E \wedge E \xrightarrow{\mu} E$$

$$S \xrightarrow{u} E$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} E \wedge E \wedge E & \xrightarrow{\mu \wedge 1} & E \wedge E \\ \downarrow \mu & & \downarrow \mu \\ E \wedge E & \xrightarrow{\mu} & E \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} E & \xrightarrow{u \wedge 1} & E \wedge E \\ \parallel & & \downarrow \mu \\ & & E \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} & & E \\ & \xrightarrow{1 \wedge u} & E \wedge E \\ & & \downarrow \mu \\ & & E \end{array}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc} E \wedge E & \xrightarrow{\mu} & E \\ \downarrow \mu & & \uparrow \mu \\ E \wedge E & \xrightarrow{\mu} & E \end{array} \text{ if } E_{\infty} \right)$$

[Warning: it is not known whether BP is an E_{∞} -ring spectrum but it is A_{∞}]

→ cosimplicial spectrum $E^{\wedge n+1}$

$$E \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{u^{\wedge 1}} \\ \xleftarrow{m} \\ \xrightarrow{1 \wedge u} \end{array} E \wedge E \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{u^{\wedge 1+1}} \\ \xrightarrow{1 \wedge u^{\wedge 1}} \\ \xrightarrow{1 \wedge u \wedge u} \end{array} E \wedge E \wedge E \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\dots} \\ \xrightarrow{\dots} \\ \xrightarrow{\dots} \end{array} \dots$$

$S_E^{\wedge} := \operatorname{holim}_{\Delta} E^{\wedge n+1}$	<p>More generally:</p> $X_E^{\wedge} = \operatorname{holim}_{\Delta} (E^{\wedge n+1} \wedge X)$
\uparrow S	

Y^{\bullet} = cosimplicial spectrum

$\pi_* Y^{\bullet}$ = cosimplicial abelian sp

→ cochain complex $\dots \rightarrow \pi_* Y^n \xrightarrow{d} \pi_* Y^{n+1} \rightarrow \dots$

$$d(x) = \sum_i (-1)^i d^i$$

Bousfield-Kan Spectral Sequence:

$$H^s(\pi_t Y^{\bullet}) \Rightarrow \pi_{t-s} \operatorname{holim} Y^{\bullet}$$

Letting $Y^{\bullet} = E^{\wedge n+1} \wedge X$

$$E_2^{s,t} = H^s(\pi_t E^{\wedge n+1} \wedge X) \Rightarrow \pi_{t-s} X_E^{\wedge}$$

Two questions:

(1) what is a homological description of E_c^{st}

(2) what is X_E^1 ?

(1) Assume

(*) E_*E is flat/ E_*

Then (E_*E, E_*) is a "Hopf algebroid"

and $E_2^{st} \cong \text{Ext}_{E_*E}^{st}(E_*, E_*X)$

Hopf Algebroid

A commutative Hopf algebroid (Γ, A) has:

$\Gamma, A =$ commutative rings

Left unit $\eta_L: A \rightarrow \Gamma$

Right unit $\eta_R: A \rightarrow \Gamma$

Coproduct $\psi: \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma \otimes_A \Gamma$

Coaugmentation $c: \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma$

Augmentation $\varepsilon: \Gamma \rightarrow A$

} maps of rings

$$\Gamma = A \underset{\eta_L}{G} \Gamma \underset{\eta_R}{\otimes} A$$

Satisfy ---- (Blah)

(Blah) is determined by the following proposition:

$\text{Spec}^X(A), \text{Spec}^M(\Gamma)$ is an Internal groupoid in the category of schemes.

$$\text{Comm Rings} \xrightarrow[\cong]{\text{Spec}} \text{Aff Schemes}$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$Z = \text{Spec}(R)$$

$$S = \text{ring}$$

$$Z(S) = \text{Hom}(\text{Spec}(S), \text{Spec}(R)) \cong \text{Hom}(R, S)$$

"S-points"

Yoneda lemma \Rightarrow map of affine schemes is determined by its effect on S-points

We require

$(X(S), M(S))$ to be a groupoid \mathcal{G}

$$X(S) = \text{Ob } \mathcal{G}$$

$$M(S) = \coprod_{a, b \in X(S)} \text{Mor}_{\mathcal{G}}(a, b)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{N}_L^* : M(S) & \longrightarrow & X(S) \\ \psi & & \psi \\ f : a \rightarrow b & \longmapsto & a \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{N}_R^* : M(S) & \longrightarrow & X(S) \\ \psi & & \psi \\ f : a \rightarrow b & \longmapsto & b \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Psi^* : M(S) \times M(S) & \longmapsto & M(S) \\ X(S) & & \psi \\ \psi & & \\ (f : a \rightarrow b, g : b \rightarrow c) & & g \circ f : a \rightarrow c \end{array}$$

$$c^* : M(S) \longrightarrow M(S)$$

$$(f : a \rightarrow b) \longmapsto (f^{-1} : b \rightarrow a)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \varepsilon^* : X(S) & \longrightarrow & M(S) \\ \psi & & \psi \\ a & \longmapsto & \text{Id} : a \rightarrow a \end{array}$$



deduce

composition associativity

$\Rightarrow \Psi$ coassociativity

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Gamma & \xrightarrow{\Psi} & \Gamma \otimes_A \Gamma \\ \Psi \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes \Psi \\ \Gamma \otimes_A \Gamma & \xrightarrow{\Psi \otimes \text{id}} & \Gamma \otimes_A (\Gamma \otimes_A \Gamma) \end{array}$$

etc.....

Special case $A = k = \text{fld}$, $n_L = n_R$

$(\Gamma, k) = \text{commutative Hopf algebra}$

Prop If $E_* E$ is flat/ E_*

then $(E_* E, E_*)$ is a Hopf algebra

Lem

$$\pi_* E \wedge E \wedge E \cong E_* E \otimes_{E_*} E_* E$$

(pf) $E \wedge E \wedge E \cong (E \wedge E) \wedge_E (E \wedge E)$

Künneth spectral sequence (cf EKMM)

$$\text{Tor}_{s,t}^{E_*} (E_* E, E_* E) \Rightarrow \pi_{s+t} \left((E \wedge E) \wedge_E (E \wedge E) \right)$$

||

$$\begin{cases} E_* E \otimes_{E_*} E_* E, & s=0 \\ 0, & s > 0 \end{cases}$$

□

(cf of prop) The structure maps are given by:

$$\eta_L : E \cong E \wedge S \xrightarrow{\cong \eta} E \wedge E$$

$$\eta_R : E \cong S \wedge E \xrightarrow{\eta \cong} E \wedge E$$

$$\psi : E \wedge E \cong E \wedge S \wedge E \xrightarrow{\cong \eta \cong} E \wedge E \wedge E$$

$$c : E \wedge E \xrightarrow{\cong} E \wedge E$$

$$\varepsilon : E \wedge E \xrightarrow{\cong} E$$

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Ext of Hopf algebroids.

$M \in \text{Mod}_A$

M is a (left) (Γ, A) -comodule

$$\psi : M \longrightarrow \Gamma \otimes_A M \quad (\text{map of } n \text{ left } A\text{-modules})$$

Counital

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & \longrightarrow & \Gamma \otimes_A M \\ & \searrow & \downarrow \varepsilon \otimes 1 \\ & & A \otimes_A M \end{array}$$

Coassociative

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & \xrightarrow{\psi} & \Gamma \otimes_A M \\ \psi \downarrow & & \downarrow 1 \otimes \psi \\ \Gamma \otimes_A M & \xrightarrow{\psi \otimes 1} & \Gamma \otimes_A \Gamma \otimes_A M \end{array}$$

Note! A is a \mathbb{P} -comodule

$$A \xrightarrow{m_L} \mathbb{P} \cong \mathbb{P} \otimes_A A$$

$X = \text{Spectrum}$

$$\Rightarrow E_* X \in \text{CoMod}_{(E_* E, E_*)}$$

$$\psi: E^* X \cong E^* S^* X \xrightarrow{\cong} E^* E^* X \cong E^* \bigoplus_E (E^* X)$$

If I/A flat $\implies \text{CoMod}(I, A)$ is abelian cat

Adjoint pair

$$U : \text{CoMod}(I, A) \rightleftarrows \text{Mod}_A : I \otimes_A -$$

Category $\text{CoMod}(I, A)$ has enough injectives

$I =$ injective A -mod

$$\text{Hom}_I(-, I \otimes_A I) \cong \text{Hom}_I(-, I) \quad \leftarrow \text{exact}$$

$\implies I \otimes_A I$ is an injective

$$M \xrightarrow{\psi} I \otimes_A M \xrightarrow{\text{flatness}} I \otimes_A I$$

\implies then exists $\text{Ext}_I^s(M, N)$.

- then are also notions of graded commutative Hopf algebras

$$a \cdot b = (-1)^{|a||b|} b \cdot a \quad \text{e.g. } (E_+ E, E_+)$$

- graded comodules

$$\Rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\Gamma}(M, N) \subseteq \text{Hom}_A(M, N) \quad \text{graded}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\Gamma}^s(M, N) \quad \text{graded}$$

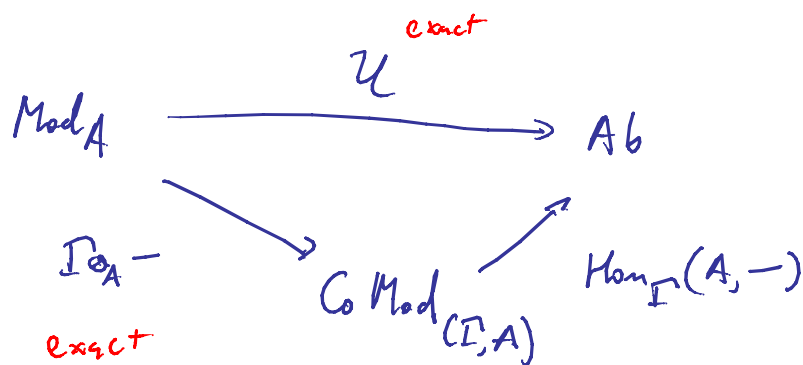
\mathbb{Z}

$$\bigoplus_i \text{Ext}_{\Gamma}^{s+i}(M, N)$$

Computing Ext _{Γ} i

A Γ -comodule M is extended if

$$M \cong \Gamma \otimes_A N \quad \text{for some } N$$



"Grothendieck spectral sequence"

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\Gamma}^s(A, I_{\mathbb{A}}^{\otimes} N) = \begin{cases} N, & s=0 \\ 0, & s>0 \end{cases}$$

Standard homological algebra:

give a resolution by extended modules

$$0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow I_{\mathbb{A}}^{\otimes} N_0 \rightarrow I_{\mathbb{A}}^{\otimes} N_1 \rightarrow \dots$$

Get spectral sequence

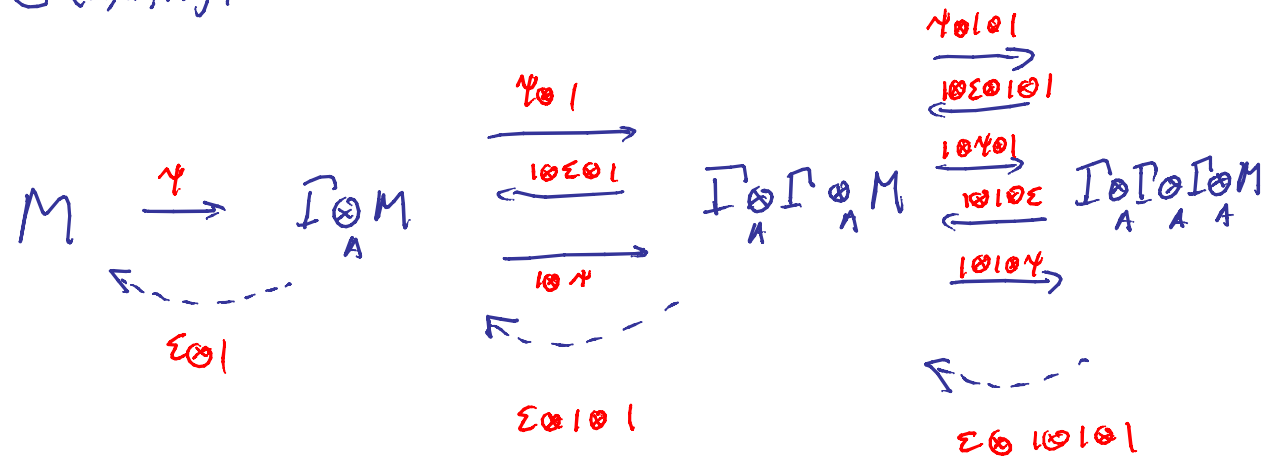
$$E_1^{s,t,k} = \text{Ext}_{\Gamma}^{s,t}(A, I_{\mathbb{A}}^{\otimes} N_k) \Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\Gamma}^{s+k,t}(A, M)$$

$$\begin{cases} N_k & s=0 \\ 0 & s>0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\Gamma}^{s,t}(A, M) \cong H^{s,t}(N_*)$$

Cobar complex: $M \in \text{CoMod}_\Gamma$

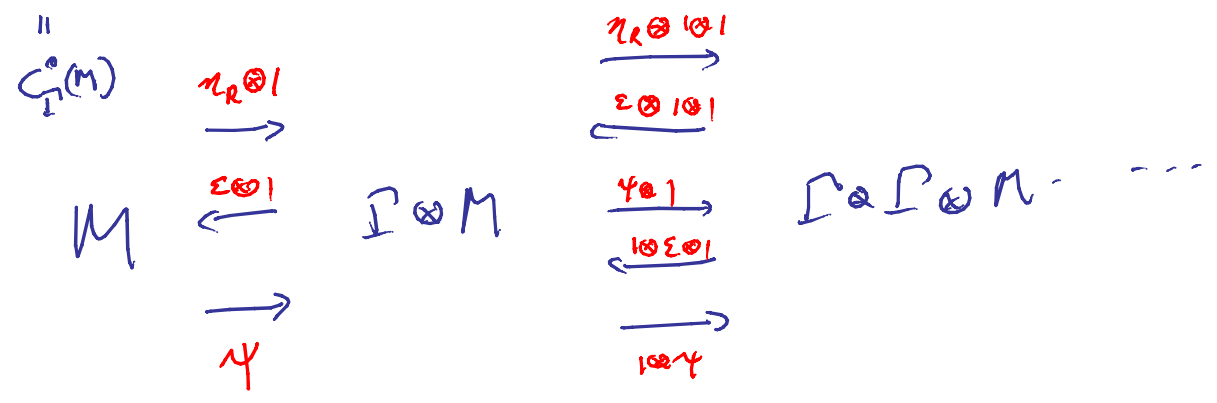
Form a split coaugmented cobaric Γ -cobar:
 $C^\bullet(\Gamma, \Gamma, M)$:



Exact: why "extra degeneracy"

f coaugmented algebra sp

$$C^\bullet(A, \Gamma, M) = \text{Hom}_\Gamma(A, C^\bullet(\Gamma, \Gamma, M))$$



We have:

Lemma

$$H^s(C^\bullet_I(M)) \cong \text{Ext}^s_\Gamma(A, M)$$

Consider cospherical algebra \mathcal{A}

$$\pi_* E^{\wedge^{s+1}} X$$

$$\begin{aligned} \pi_* E^{\wedge^{s+1}} &\cong \pi_* (E \wedge_E E) \wedge_E (E \wedge_E E) \wedge_E \dots \wedge_E (E \wedge_E E) \wedge_E E_X \\ &\cong E_* E^{\otimes_{E_*} s} \otimes_{E_*} E_* X \end{aligned}$$

Lemma

$$\pi_* E^{\wedge^{s+1}} \cong C_{E_* E}^*(E_* X)$$

Cor

$$E_*^{s,t} \cong H^{s,t}(\pi_* E^{\wedge^{s+1}} X) \cong \text{Ext}_{E_* E}^{s,t}(E_*, E_* X)$$