



4. Suppose that a function has partial derivatives

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = x^2 - y - 1 \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = y - x + 1$$

Which of the following points is a critical point of  $f(x, y)$ ?

- (a) (1, 0)      (b) (1, 1)      (c) (0, 1)      (d) (0, 0)      (e) none of these

5. Compute

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{ye^{(x+h)y} - ye^{xy}}{h}$$

- (a)  $y^2e^{xy}$       (b)  $ye^{xy}$       (c)  $xe^{xy}$   
(d)  $e^{xy} + ye^{xy}$       (e) 0

6. Which of the following statements is NOT true?

- (a) If at a critical point all the second partial derivatives are equal to zero then there is a minimum at that point.
- (b) If the value of a function  $f(x, y)$  at a saddle point is zero then near the saddle point this function takes both positive and negative values.
- (c) If for an economy the marginal product of labor (MPL) is positive then its output is increasing if the labor increases and the capital stays fixed.
- (d) For quadratic functions, a local maximum is a global maximum.
- (e) The only possible candidates for local extrema of a differentiable function  $f(x, y)$  are those points at which both first-order partial derivatives are zero.

7. Several contour lines for a certain function  $f(x, y)$  are shown below. What is the maximum value of the function  $f(x, y)$  subject to the constraint  $x + 2y = 10$ ?

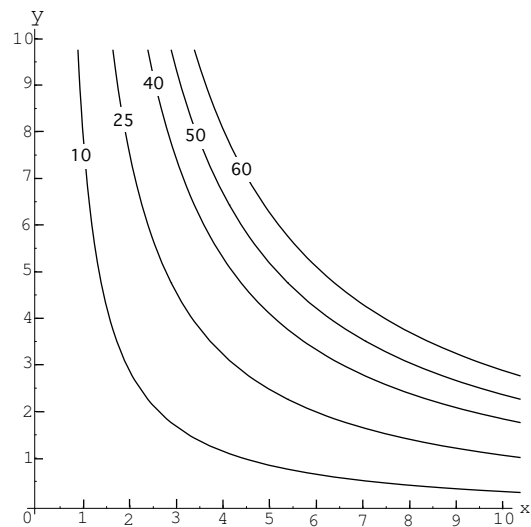
(a) 25

(b) 10

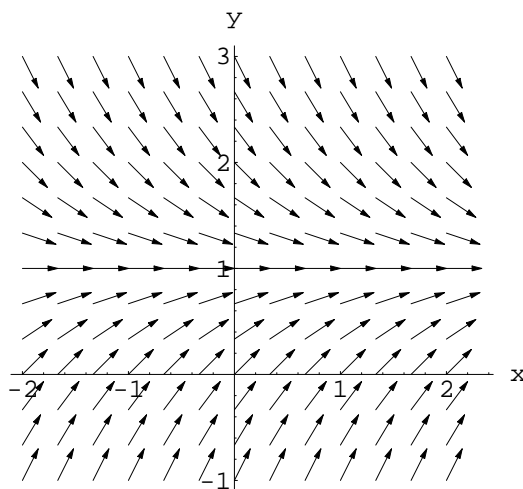
(c) 40

(d) 50

(e) 60



8. The following is a plot of the direction field for which differential equation?



(a)  $y' = 1 - y$

(b)  $y' = -x$

(c)  $y' = 1/y$

(d)  $y' = -y$

(e)  $y' = y - 1$

9. To find the least-squares line of the form  $y = ax + b$  for the data

$$(1, 10) \quad (2, 4) \quad (3, 0)$$

which of the following error functions would you need to minimize?

(a)  $E(a, b) = (a + b - 10)^2 + (2a + b - 4)^2 + (3a + b)^2$

(b)  $E(a, b) = (a + b + 10)^2 + (2a + b + 4)^2 + (3a + b)^2$

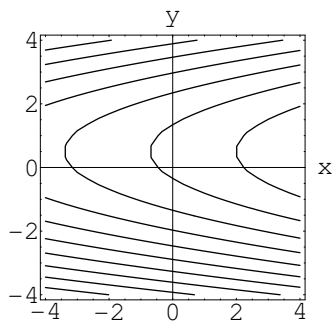
(c)  $E(a, b) = (a + b - 10)^2 + (a + 2b - 4)^2 + (a + 3b)^2$

(d)  $E(a, b) = (a + b - 10)^2 + (a + 2b - 4)^2 + (a + 3b)^2$

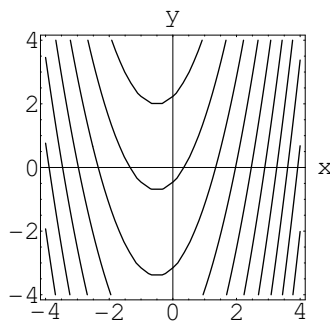
(e)  $E(a, b) = (10a + b - 1)^2 + (5a + b - 2)^2 + (b - 3)^2$

10. Which of the following is a graph of the level curves of the function

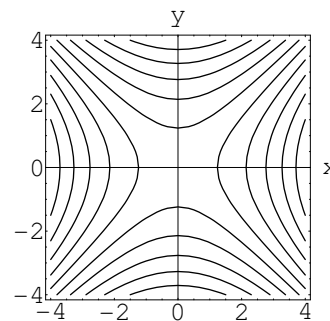
$$f(x, y) = x - y^2 + y + 3$$



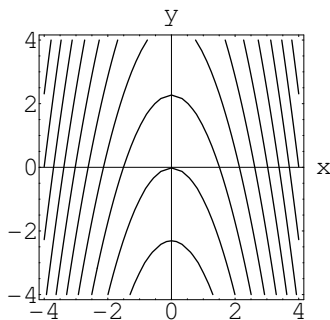
(a)



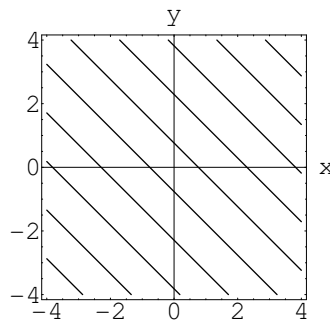
(b)



(c)



(d)



(e)

## Part II: Partial Credit Questions (10 Points Each)

**Show all work** and put your final answer in the space provided. **No credit** will be given for a correct answer without showing how it was obtained. You will receive no credit if the answer is not in the space provided and no **partial credit** for a wrong answer if you do not **show your work**.

11. Find the equation of the plane that contains the following three points:

$$(0, 1, 6) \quad (1, 2, 13) \quad (2, 0, 8)$$

12. The function

$$f(x, y) = 3x^2 - 6xy + y^3 - 9y + 1$$

has critical points  $(3, 3)$ ,  $(-1, -1)$ . Use the second derivative test, if possible, to determine whether each critical point is a local maximum, local minimum, or saddle point. If the test is inconclusive, say so. Record your conclusions on the blanks and your reasoning below.

$(3, 3)$  \_\_\_\_\_

$(-1, -1)$  \_\_\_\_\_

13. (a) The Hammes Bookstore sells a book about Rudy in either paperback or hardcover. It has determined that if it charges  $x$  dollars for the paperback and  $y$  dollars for the hardcover, then it will sell  $(100 - 6x + 4y)$  paperbacks and  $(12 + 2x - 4y)$  hardcovers in a football weekend.
- Write a formula for the weekly revenue as a function of  $x$  and  $y$ .
  - If the books cost the bookstore 4 dollars for each paperback and 9 dollars for each hardcover, write a formula for the cost of the books sold as a function of  $x$  and  $y$ . (Be careful here –  $x$  and  $y$  are prices not quantities.)
  - If the bookstore people can do calculus, which function would they need to maximize in order to determine the prices to charge to maximize profit?
- (b) Find the maximum of the following function of  $x$  and  $y$ .

$$f(x, y) = -2x^2 + 100x - y^2 + 60y - 2xy - 16$$

14. The production of a certain company is modeled by the Cobb-Douglas production function

$$P(K, L) = 100K^{1/4}L^{3/4}$$

Suppose that the budget for the company for capital and labor is \$100,000 and that capital costs are \$25 per unit of capital while labor costs are \$50 per unit of labor. The company seeks to maximize production.

- (a) Express this problem as a constrained optimization problem.
- (b) Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to find the values of capital and labor that result in the maximum production.

15. (a) The rate of spread of a rumor is often governed by a logistic equation. Suppose that a rumor spreads through your dorm at a rate given by

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y \left( 1 - \frac{y}{100} \right)$$

where  $y(t)$  is the number of persons in the dorm who have heard the rumor after  $t$  days. Suppose 20 persons have now heard the rumor (i.e.,  $y(0) = 20$ ). Use Euler's method with step size  $\Delta t = 1/2$  to estimate the number of persons who have heard the rumor after one day.

- (b) For the differential equation  $y' = y(y - 3)$ , determine all the equilibrium solutions and say whether each is stable or unstable.