

**Math 526 – Algebraic Geometry**  
**Homework # 8**

**Due: Thursday, December 5, 2013 8:30 am**

**Problem 1.** Let  $X = \{(x, a, b) \mid ax^2 + bx + 1 = 2ax + b = 0\} \subset \mathbb{C}^3$  and  $\pi(x, a, b) = (a, b)$ .

- a. Compute the constructible set  $\pi(X)$  and the algebraic set  $\overline{\pi(X)}$ .
- b. Describe  $X^c \subset \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{C}^2$ , the closure of  $X$  in  $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{C}^2$ .
- c. Compute the algebraic set  $\gamma(X^c)$  where  $\gamma : \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{C}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^2$  is the extension of  $\pi$ .

**Problem 2.** Consider the homogeneous ideal  $I = \langle xw - yz, x^2z - y^3, xz^2 - y^2w, z^3 - yw^2 \rangle$  contained in  $\mathbb{C}[x, y, z, w]$ .

- a. Compute  $HF_I$  and  $HP_I$ .
- b. Given  $I = \sqrt{I}$ , compute  $\dim \mathcal{V}(I)$  and  $\deg \mathcal{V}(I)$ .

**Problem 3.** Verify Bézout's Theorem holds in  $\mathbb{P}^2(\mathbb{C})$  for the following:

- a.  $F_1 = x^2 + y^2 - z^2$  and  $F_2 = x^2 - y^2 - z^2$
- b.  $F_1 = xz^2 - y^3$  and  $F_2 = xz^2 - xy^2 - y^3$